

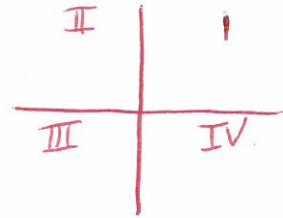
Answer Key

Name: _____
Date: _____

Systems of Equations 01
(alt)

How to find the coordinates of a point where 2 lines meet.

- Make both equations look like : ' $y = ax + b$ '
- Make both equations *equal* to each other
- Solve for ' x '
- Plug the value of ' x ' back into one of the two equations and solve for ' y '



1) Solve for ' x '.

a) ① $2x + 3 = 3x - 4$
 $-3x \quad -3x$

$$2x - 3x + 3 = -4$$

$$\quad \quad -3 \quad -3$$

$$2x - 3x = -4 - 3$$

$$\frac{-1x}{-1} = \frac{-7}{-1}$$

$$x = 7$$

c) $-3x + 2 = 2x - 18$

① $-3x - 2x = -18 - 2$

$$\frac{-5x}{-5} = \frac{-20}{-5}$$

$$x = 4$$

② $y = -3x + 2$

$$y = -3(4) + 2$$

$$y = -12 + 2$$

$$y = -10$$

③ $(4, -10)$

② Plug in

$$y = 2x + 3$$

$$y = 2(7) + 3$$

$$y = 17$$

③ Coordinates

$$(x, y)$$

$$(7, 17)$$

b) $6x + 9 = 4x + 11$

① $6x - 4x = 11 - 9$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

$$x = 1$$

② $y = 6x + 9$

$$y = 6(1) + 9$$

$$y = 15$$

d) $12x + 7 = 15x - 14$

① $12x - 15x = -14 - 7$

$$\frac{-3x}{-3} = \frac{-21}{-3}$$

$$x = 7$$

② $y = 12x + 7$

$$y = 12(7) + 7$$

$$y = 91$$

③ $(7, 91)$

2) What are the coordinates of the point where the following two lines meet?

Equation 1: $\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-1x}{2} + \frac{8}{2}$

$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 8$

Multiply by LCM 2

①

$-\frac{1}{2}x + 4 = \frac{3}{2}x - 4$

$-x + 8 = 3x - 8$

$\frac{-4x}{-4} = \frac{-16}{-4}$

$x = 4$

Equation 2: $\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{6x}{4} - \frac{16}{4}$

$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 4$

② Plug in

$y = \frac{3}{2}(4) - 4$

$y = 2$

③ (4, 2)

Answer (4 , 2)

3) What are the coordinates of the point where the following two lines meet?

Equation 1: $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{6x}{3} - \frac{9}{3}$

$y = 2x - 3$

① $2x - 3 = -x + 6$

$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{9}{3}$

$x = 3$

Equation 2: $\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-4x}{4} + \frac{24}{4}$

$y = -x + 6$

② Plug in (choose one to the two equations)

$y = -(3) + 6$

$y = 3$

Answer (3 , 3)

4) What are the coordinates of the point where the following two lines meet?

Equation 1: $6y - 9x + 42 = 0$

$\frac{6y}{6} = \frac{9x}{6} - \frac{42}{6}$

$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 7$

LCM 2

① $\frac{3}{2}x - 7 = -\frac{2}{1}x + 7$

$3x - 14 = -4x + 14$

$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{28}{7}$

$x = 4$

Equation 2: $5y + 10x - 35 = 0$

$\frac{5y}{5} = \frac{-10x}{5} + \frac{35}{5}$

$y = -2x + 7$

② Plug in

$y = -2(4) + 7$

$y = -1$

Answer (4 , -1)